2017-2018 CONCUSSION ACKNOWLEDGEMENT FORM

A concussion is a brain injury and all brain injuries are serious. They are caused by a bump, blow, or jolt to the head, or by a blow to another part of the body with the force transmitted to the head. They can range from mild to severe and can disrupt the way the brain normally works. Even though most concussions are mild, all concussions are potentially serious and may result in complications including prolonged brain damage and death if not recognized and managed properly. In other words, even a "ding" or a bump on the head can be serious. You can't see a concussion, and most sports concussions occur without loss of consciousness. Signs and symptoms of concussion may show up right after the injury or can take hours or days to fully appear. If your child reports any symptoms of concussion, or if you notice the symptom or signs of concussion yourself, seek medical attention right away.

Symptoms may include one or more of the following:				
Headaches "Pressure in head" Nausea or vomiting Neck Pain Balance Problems or dizziness Blurred, double, o fuzzy vision Sensitivity to light or noise	Feeling sluggish or slowed down Feeling foggy or groggy Drowsiness Change in sleep patterns Amnesia "Don't feel right" Fatigue or low energy Sadness	Nervousness or anxiety irritability More emotional Confusion Concentration or memory problems (forgetting game plays) Repeating the same question/comment		
Signs observed by teammates, parents and coaches include:				
Appears dazed Vacant facial expression Confused about assignment Forgets plays Is unsure of game, score, or opponent	Moves clumsily for displays incoordination Answers questions slowly Slurred speech Shows behavior or personality changes Can't recall events prior to hit	Can't recall events after hit Seizures or convulsions Any change in typical behavior or personality Loses consciousness		

What can happen if my child keeps on playing with a concussion or returns too soon? Athletes with the signs and symptoms of concussion should be removed from play immediately. Continuing to play with the signs and symptoms of a concussion leaves the young athlete especially vulnerable to greater injury. There is an increased risk of significant damage from a concussion for a period of time after that concussion occurs, particularly if the athlete suffers another concussion before completely recovering from the first one. This can lead to a prolonged recovery, or even to severe brain swelling (second impact syndrome) with devastating and even fatal consequences. It is well known that the adolescent or teenage athlete will often under report symptoms of injuries; concussions are no different. As a result, the education of administrators, coaches, parents and students is the key for the student-athlete's safety.

If you think your child has suffered a concussion: Any athlete suspected of suffering a concussion should be removed from the game or practice immediately. No athlete may return to activity after an apparent head injury or concussion without medical clearance, regardless of how mild it seems or how quickly symptoms clear. Close observation of the athlete should continue for several hours. The new "Zachary Lystedt Law" now requires consistent and uniform implementation of long and well-established return-to-play concussion guidelines that have been recommended for several years:

"a youth athlete who is suspected of sustaining a concussion or head injury in a practice or a game shall be removed from competition at that time"

and

"...may not return to play until the athlete is evaluated by a licensed health care provider trained in the evaluation and management of concussion and received written clearance to return from that health care provider."

You should also inform your child's coach if you think that your child may have a concussion. Remember that it is better to miss one game than to miss the whole season.

WHEN IN DOUBT, THE ATHLETE SITS OUT.

For current and up-to-date information on concussions go to http://www/cdc.gov/ConcussionInYouthSports/

Student-Athlete Name PRINTED	Student-Athlete SIGNATURE	Date
I have explained the above document to my child.		
Parent Name PRINTED	Parent SIGNATURE	Date